BARRIERS IN ACCESSING HEALTHCARE:

Obstacles for Immigrant Populations

Immigrants had difficulty accessing...

PROBLEM: there is a critical disconnect within the health care structure which disproportionally affects immigrant populations **on top** of factors affecting Canadians generally, such as *long wait times*, *inconvenient hours of service*, and *financial concerns*.

"among women immigrants who reported access barriers,

poor health selfreports rose by 13 %

over 4 years compared to only 6 % for women who reported no access barriers"

• Kalich et al., 2015

Top 3 Barriers

Language Barriers

- Lack of information accessible on how to navigate the health care system >>>> specialists & prescriptions.
- Interpreters affecting biases →>> lacks feelings of self-advocacy.
- Confusion surrounding the western conception of disorder >>>> difficult patient-practitioner understanding.

2. Financial Barriers



- Child care responsibilities >>>> babysitters or daycare for the day of treatment.
- Time constraints >>>> missing work/closing business.
- BC medical services plan >>> approval and access for self & dependents.

. Psychosocial Barriers



- Family obligations >>> limited time and support.
- Perceived time constraints >>> motivation to seek help.
- Fear of stigma >>>>beliefs about seeking help.
- Cultural differences in medical practices Solution difficulty adhering to treatment plan.

"immigrants who were interviewed cited family obligations related to financial concerns and time constraints as most important among barriers" • Kalich et al., 2015 Possible Solutions: Greater health education and interpreters. Cultural competence training for practitioners.

Kalich, A., Heinemann, L., & Ghahari, S. (2015). A scoping review of immigrant experience of Health Care Access Barriers in Canada. Journal of Immigrant and Minority Health, 18(3), 697–709.