# Fixing up our Hul'q'umi'num' Pronunciation

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Representing the Hul'q'umi'num' Language

Academy





#### Elders/speakers

Delores Louie, Ruby Peter, Thomas Jones, George Seymour

# Language learners/SFU students

Chris Alphonse, Rosie George, Martina Joe, Kathleen Johnnie, Thomas Johnny, Donna Modeste, Tracey Norris, Sharon Seymour

## Linguists

Sonya Bird, Marion Caldecott, Phil Howson, Janet Leonard, Tess Nolan, Maida Percival









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SSHRC Partnership Development Grant (Sonya Bird, University of Victoria, PI): "Hul'q'umi'num' phonetic structures: Exploring paths towards fluent pronunciation"

Hul'q'umi'num' Language & Culture Society

## Importance of Pronunciation

 The learners are caretakers of cultural knowledge, language teachers, and materials developers for the future generations

## Challenging sounds

	Labial	Dental	Alveolar	Lateral	Palatal	Velar	Lab. Velar	Uvular	Lab. Uvular	Glottal
stop	р		t			k	kw	q	qw	•
Glott. stops	p'		ť				kw'	q'	qw'	
affricates		tth	ts		ch					
Glott. affricates		tth'	ts'	tľ	ch'					
Fricatives		th	S	lh	sh		hw	X	xw	h
Resonants	m		n	I	У		W			
Glott. resonants	m'		n'	ľ	y'		w'			

• 37 consonants, 21 not in English

#### Pronunciation challenges

- Glottalized resonants and ejectives
- Laterals (tl', lh)
- Dentals (tth', tth, th)
- Velar (kw, kw', k, hw) vs. uvular (qw, qw', q, q', xw, x)
- Consonant clusters: long strings of consonants
  - tstamut 'what did x do?'
  - hwtth'xwuw'i'tst 'washing someone's back'
  - shtslhequn' 'palate, roof of the mouth'
  - ts'twa' 'perhaps, might'
  - tl'shhwimelu 'go to the store'
- Rhythm and intonation

## What we usually do

- Working with elders (repeating after, either one-on-one or in groups, making stories, practicing transcription)
- Fluency work (poems, games, repetition)
- Learning phonetics (in-person classes and workshops)







#### What we did this summer

**Goal:** Improve pronunciation of both individual segments and overall intonation and ready a final recording of a performance of a personal story created and told in summer 2019

We could not meet to do our usual sort of work, so we have tried out a new paradigm of pairing students and phoneticians (one-one-one) to work in Praat in weekly virtual classes with break-out sessions on Zoom.

Step 1: Students re-record the story, listen through it and do a self-evaluation (Not listening to the old recording (version 1) first.)





#### Step 2: Then, students paired with phoneticians:

- **a. Listen** to the summer **2019** and summer **2020** recordings, look at words and phrases from it in Praat, and make notes about elements of the student's pronunciation that they think need fixing
- b. Compare the 2019 and 2020 recordings. What is different? Is there improvement? How?
- c. Complete a checklist of elements that still need fixing up.
- d. Listen to a **recording of an elder's telling of the story,** for comparison, using Praat to help visualize as needed
- e. Receive and go through an **elder's feedback/notes** on their pronunciation of the story, using Praat to help visualize as needed
- **f. Practice** words and phrases that were difficult in the story and **re-record** them

1) goixinnupsum (B)
(2) tout the toulantur
12 must in whi
a sh towet Knoth tselhtun
stsuwet Knus tselltun's
3 Shayuth B
a de la le la wet l
(7) tey tsux am tien
(3) apun skwel - skweyul
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CO ALL TOP A
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(3) lhtichus: lhtsiw6 (3) lhtichus: lhtsiw6 (4) lhakwuthut: lha gruthat (3) hwtsul: hwtsel (6) shluthiou: (6) shluthiou: (7) lhakwuthut: lha gruthat (8) shluthiou: (8) shluthiou:
(3) shluthinu > (3) shluthinu >
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a) the the hours = the to have been and a chief owi?
(3) Chatukulum = Chaque quium (5) shamanaqoban 5 tha qui (5) shamanaqoban 5 sh muneuntqun (5) shalututusus 5 h muneuntqun (5) shalututusus 5 h muneuntqun
(3) Chatukwam = Chagu qwam (5) showned phan 5 h hound contour (5) chukw ten = chagu tutos as showned and so so showned phan 5 h hound contour to the chaputeen to so
Lex ment may so to
70

#### Check list for assessing speech (HLA)

Does the learner have all the sounds? (Circle the ones that the learner has trouble with)

	Labial	Dental	Alveolar	Lateral	Palatal	Velar	Lob io liz ed velar	Uvular	La biolized uvular	Glottal
Stops	р		t			k	kw	q	qw	,
Glottalized stops	p'		ť				kw'	q′	qw'	
Affricates		tth	ts		ch					
Glottalized affricates		tth'	ts'	tľ	ch'					
Pricatives		th	s	lh	sh		hw	х	xw	h
Resonants	m		n	ı	У		w			
Glottalized resonants	m'		n'	ľ	y'		w'			

Does the learner have any of these common errors? (Put a check mark next to errors that the learner has)

Sound	changes		Cluste	rs	
	Ih pronounced th	th pronounced lh		deletion of a consonant within a	cluster
	q or k pronounced qw or kw	qw or kw pronounced q or k		insertion of a vowel within a clus	ster
	hw pronounced kw			kwth u pronounced as kwuthu	
	w pronounced before hw, xw, kw, c	w, kw', qw' (during vowel)		kws pronounced as kwus	
_	ts pronounced as ts'	ts' pronounced ts			
	tth' pronounced tth		Word	level stress	
	kw pronounced kw'	kw' pronounced kw hw	Are w	ords pronounced with stress in th	e right place?
	qw pronounced qw'	qw' pronounced qw	Are all	sounds given their own space?	lengthening vowels (given too much space
	q pronounced q'	q' pronounced qw			
	unuhw missing (from m' n' l' y' w' - missing unuhw after resonants and vowels	especially at ends of words)	Intona	ition	
	unuhw too weak	unuhw too strong	Doest	he learner use the right pitch mo	vements?
	ejectives too weak	ejectives too strong	Doest	the learner use the right speed?	chemy speed

Does the learner link the clitics to the right words when they speak?

#### Sample checklist

<b>Step 3:</b> Present their findings on their pronunciation to the class and elders, showing examples in Praat and retelling part of their story for the class

## Strategies

- General strategies we explored in our groups:
  - Really thinking about how the articulation feels
    - e.g. for laterals, keeping tongue really flat [rather than pointy at the front];
       where the air comes out
    - Smiling (to help think about what one's doing with one's teeth and lips)
  - Breaking the word up
    - Breaking into sounds or parts of sounds:
       ex. Going from /l/ to /lh/ to /tl'/ in sequence
    - Breaking into syllables, and pronouncing in reverse:
       ex. muhw > hwulmuhw > lhhwulmuhw > ts'lhhwulmuhw
  - Listening a lot

#### Strategies cont:

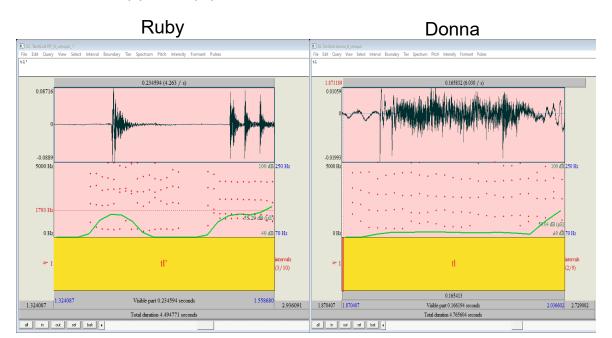
- Strategies specific to using Praat:
  - Identifying visual differences between manners of articulation and glottalization in Praat spectrograms
  - Making a text grid to help keep track of each sound (or part of a sound) in a word
  - Selecting and playing the specific parts of the word which cause trouble
  - Comparing a mispronunciation to a model pronunciation both in terms of what we can see and what we can hear
  - Rerecording the word with Praat's built-in recorder and seeing if it better approximates the model
  - Using Praat's pitch tracker to see differences in intonation or to help identify short vowels that have been inserted into clusters
  - Cutting out extra sounds added to approximate how a word should sound or adding or removing silence to help show where glottalization is missing or added

## Things that didn't work

- Mostly just technical issues:
  - Occasionally Praat wouldn't play or was crackly over Zoom
  - Praat doesn't have an autosave function built in and text grids can get accidentally deleted
  - Sometimes longer recordings don't play well unless they are opened as "long sound files"
  - It was harder to communicate over Zoom (the usual... background noise, not being able to see what people were doing beyond what can be viewed over screen share)

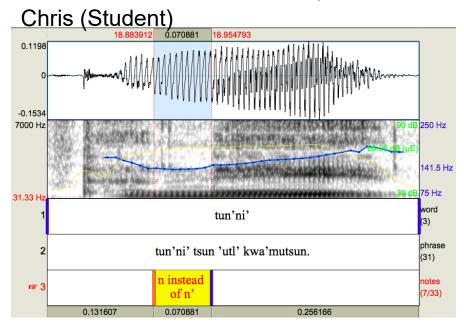
#### Donna Modeste

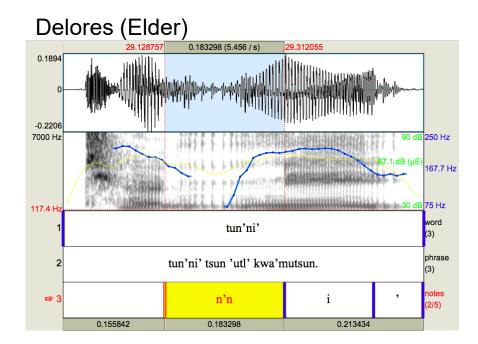
- Laterals: tl' /tf'/ as t-lh [t]-[f] or lh [f] lh /f/ as th /θ/
  - o In tl'umqun, tl' /t+'/ as t-lh [t]-[+] or lh [+]
  - ο In tsetsul'ulhtun : Ih / $\frac{1}{4}$ / as th / $\frac{\theta}{4}$ /



#### Chris Alphonse

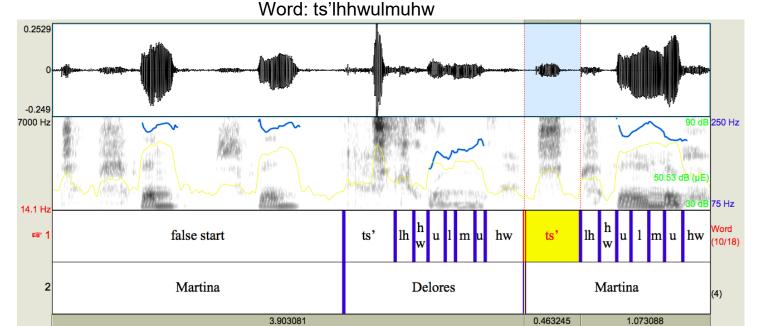
- Worked on vowels, glottalization, velars/uvulars
- Glottalization example:





#### Martina Joe

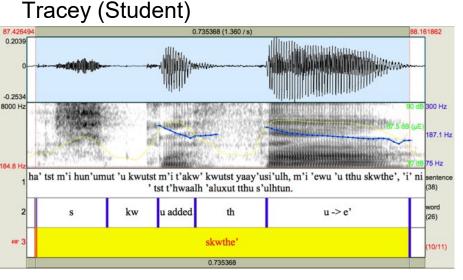
- Focus on: clusters, fricatives, glottalized resonants
- False start, then improved the cluster after an elder models it, but at the expense of not "popping" the ejective ts'

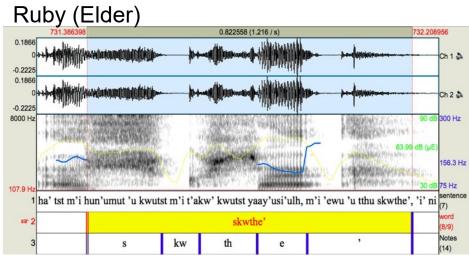


Insert sound file

## **Tracey Norris**

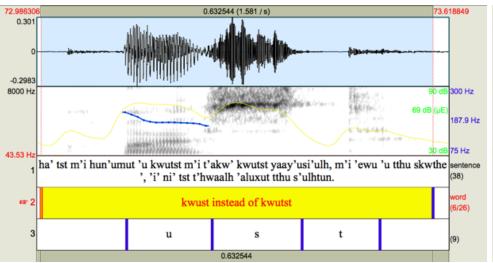
- Consonant clusters
- Inserted a schwa between two consonants in a consonant cluster:



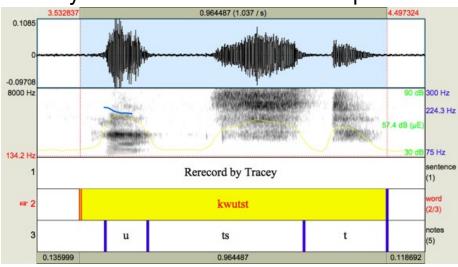


- Had some sound replacements in a consonant clusters
- Pronounced [s] instead of [ts] as simplification of a [tst] cluster:

#### Tracey - original

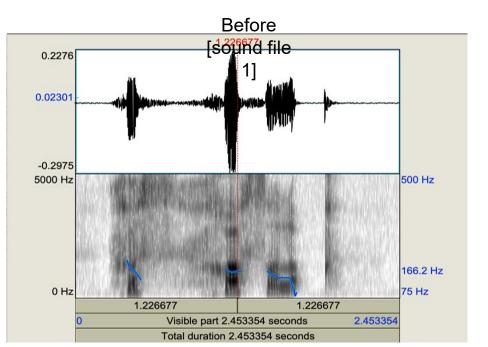


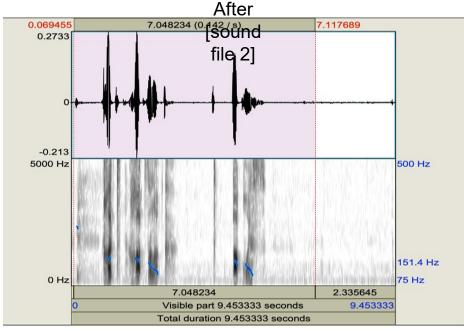
#### Tracey - rerecorded in Praat after practice



# **Sharon Seymour**

- Sharon: trouble word-medially
- Important sound, in father's name xutth'xatth'uluq (PN)





#### Conclusion

#### Praat reflections:

- Donna: really helpful; really shows where pronunciation is different from Elders'
- Chris: Helpful to see flow of words; glottal stops in words; to see how some k/qs aren't pronounced, and to try and copy the way Aunties pronounce the words to copy the same sound wave. Also, if I can pronounce properly, then I can spell properly that will be really helpful
- Martina: It helps visually. But having trouble with sound, so had to go back and forth with google drive to hear it
- Tracey: Praat's helping me hear and see mistakes, and notice things and fix them. Comparison with elders
  has really helped me. Starting working with Praat will teach myself to get better at recording and
  transcribing; it has taught me to really listen to and understand the sounds of the words
- Sharon: Using Praat has raised my awareness that although I could say tth' at the beginning of the word, I could not say it in the middle. This knowledge helped me to decide where I needed to focus my pronunciation practice.

#### Resources

Bird, Sonya, Leonard, Janet, and Gerdts, Donna B. (2016). The realization of obsruents across speakers of Hul'q'umi'num'. *Canadian Acoustics* 44(3), 134-135.

Boersma, Paul, and Weenink, David. (2020). Praat: doing phonetics by computer. Version 6.1. Retrieved from: http://www.praat.org/.

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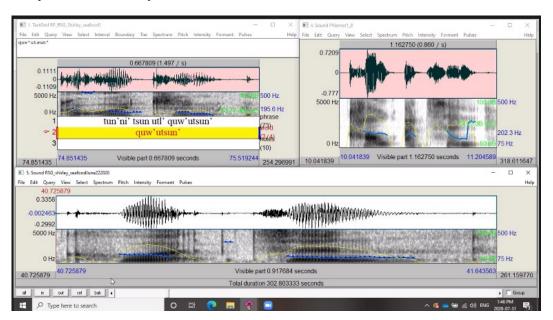
Nolan, Tess. (work in progress). Candidacy paper. Working title: Pronunciation labs in the ILR context: Participant preferences.

Percival, Maida. (work in progress). Dissertation. Working title: The production and perception of ejectives across languages.

ta'ulthun sqwal, Learning the Sounds: <a href="http://sqwal.hwulmuhwqun.ca/learn/learning-the-sounds/">http://sqwal.hwulmuhwqun.ca/learn/learning-the-sounds/</a>

## Rosie George

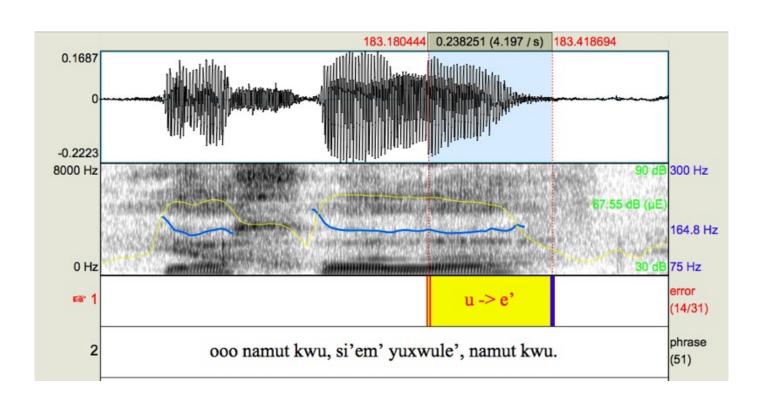
- Glottalization
- How much space the first vowel takes up: two vs. three syllables
  - Ruby and Delores: 3 clear syllables (quw-'uts-un)
  - o Rosie: almost just two, with very reduced first vowel



Word: quw'utsun' Top left: Rosie Top right: Delores

Bottom: Ruby

# Chris Maybe not use?



## After practicing and rerecording in Praat: Fixed!

