



## Helbing Laboratory eDNA Technical Bulletin

All eDNA tools are validated through a rigorous multi-step evaluation protocol that includes tests of DNA target specificity and amplification sensitivity<sup>1-3</sup>.

### General eDNA Assay Information

Target Species: Grizzly bear (*Ursus arctos*)  
Species Code: ma-URAR

eDNA qPCR Tool: eURAR2  
eDNA qPCR Format: TaqMan

Gene Target: MT-ND5  
Published in:

### eDNA Assay Sensitivity Test Summary using gBlocks™ Synthetic DNA

LOD	<u>0.3</u>	95% CI	<u>0.2-0.6</u>	Copies	LOQ	<u>1.3</u>	95% CI	<u>0.9-2.1</u>	Copies	LOB	<u>0</u>	hits/8
				LOQ <sub>Continuous</sub>					Copies/Rxn			

Binomial-Poisson model for 8 technical replicates determined using eLowQuant R code<sup>4</sup>. When the LOQ < LOD, use the LOD for the LOQ.

Enzyme: QIAcuity

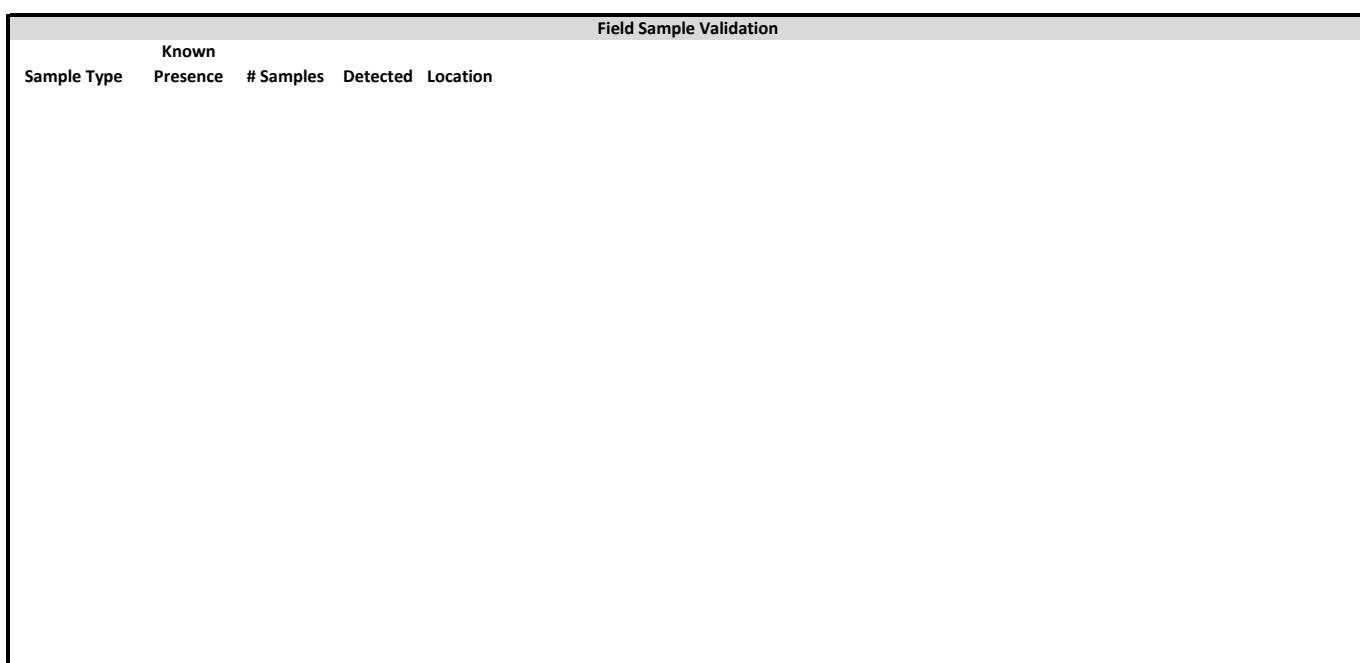
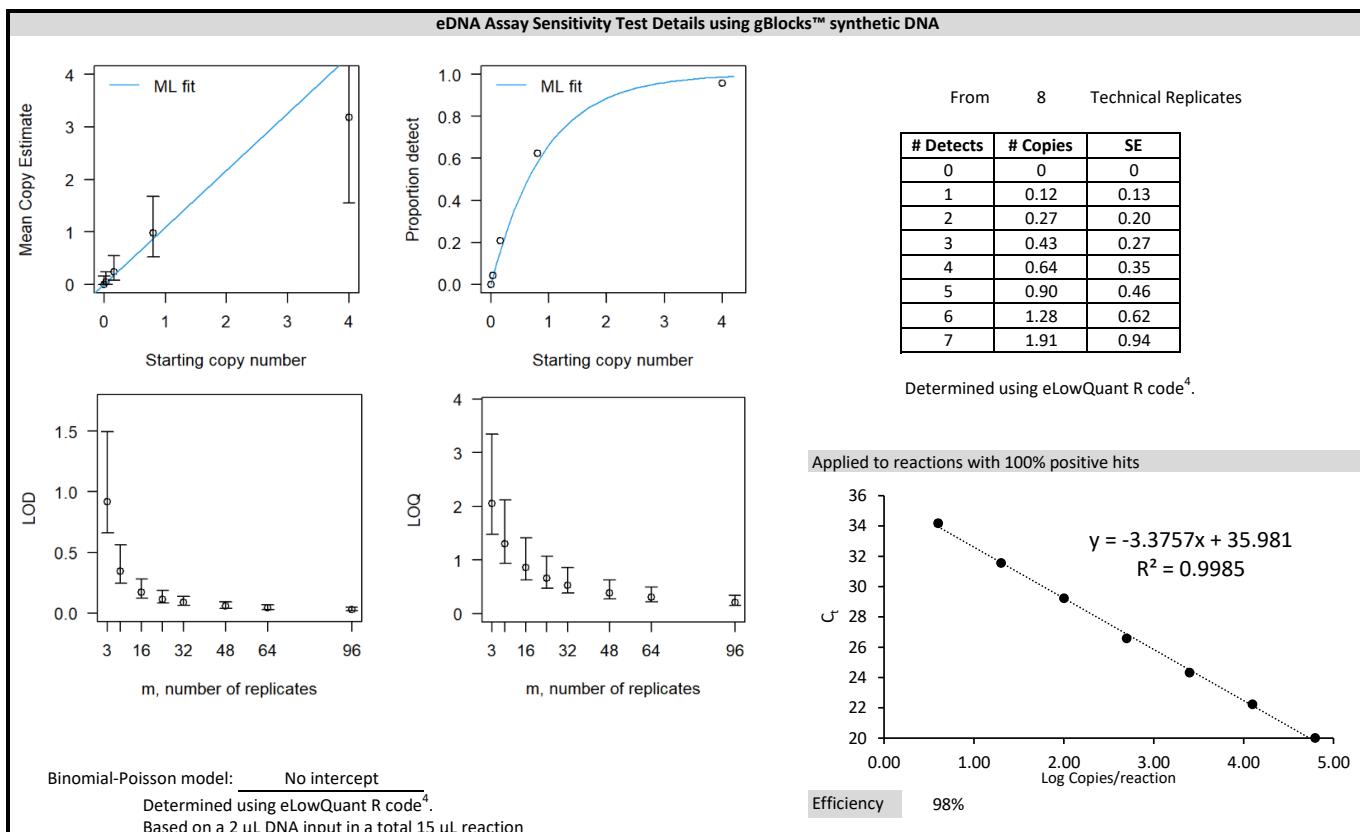
### eDNA Assay Specificity Test Information

Each qPCR reaction in the specificity assay contained 10 picograms of voucher target gDNA (n=25 technical replicates)

Species	Common Name ( <i>Species</i> )	Detection	Specimens	# Voucher	Sample Sources/Locations
ma-USAR	Grizzly bear ( <i>Ursus arctos</i> )	Yes	4		British Columbia
ma-URAM	American black bear ( <i>Ursus americanus</i> )	No	2		British Columbia
ma-FECA	Cat ( <i>Felis catus</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-HOSA	Human ( <i>Homo sapiens</i> )	No	1		Netherlands
ma-CALUfa	Dog ( <i>Canis lupus familiaris</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-ALAL	Moose ( <i>Alces alces</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-ANPA	Pallid bat ( <i>Antrozous pallidus</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-CEEL	Red deer ( <i>Cervus elaphus</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-ODHE	Mule deer ( <i>Odocoileus hemionus</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-ODVI	White-tailed deer ( <i>Odocoileus virginianus</i> )	No	1		Washington
ma-SOBE	Pacific water/marsh shrew ( <i>Sorex bendirii</i> )	No	1		Washington
ma-SONA	Cardilleran water shrew ( <i>Sorex navigator</i> )	No	1		Washington
ma-PHVI	Harbour seal ( <i>Phoca vitulina</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-PHPH	Harbour porpoise ( <i>Phocoena phocoena</i> )	No	1		British Columbia
ma-LOCA	River otter ( <i>Lontra canadensis</i> )	No	1		British Columbia

### References

1. Hobbs, J, Adams, IT, Round, JM, Goldberg, CS, Allison, MJ, Bergman, LC, Mirabzadeh, A, Allen, H, Helbing, CC (2020) Revising the range of Rocky Mountain tailed frog, *Ascaphus montanus*, in British Columbia, Canada, using environmental DNA methods. Environmental DNA, 2: 350-361. <https://doi.org/10.1002/edn3.82>
2. Hobbs, J, Round, JM, Allison, MJ, Helbing, CC (2019) Expansion of the known distribution of the coastal tailed frog, *Ascaphus truei*, in British Columbia, Canada, using robust eDNA detection methods. PLOS ONE 14(3): e0213849. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0213849>
3. Langlois, VS, Allison, MJ, Bergman, LC, To, TA, and Helbing, CC (2020) The need for robust qPCR-based eDNA detection assays in environmental monitoring and risk assessments. Environmental DNA, 3: 519-527. doi: 10.1002/edn3.164
4. Lesperance, M, Allison, MJ, Bergman, LC, Hocking, MD, and Helbing, CC (2021) A statistical model for calibration and computation of detection and quantification limits for low copy number environmental DNA samples. Environmental DNA, 3: 970-981. doi: 10.1002/edn3.220



Abbreviations					
95% CI	95% Confidence interval		LOQ	Limit of quantification	
eDNA	Environmental DNA		MT-ND5	Mitochondrial NADH dehydrogenase 5	
gDNA	Total genomic DNA extracted from voucher specimen		NTC	qPCR no template control	
LOB	Limit of blank		qPCR	Quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction	
LOD	Limit of detection		SE	Standard error	