

**Helbing Laboratory eDNA Technical Bulletin**All eDNA tools are validated through a rigorous multi-step evaluation protocol that includes tests of DNA target specificity and amplification sensitivity¹⁻³.**General eDNA Assay Information**Target Species: Segmented marine worm (*Thysanocardia nigra*)
Species Code: si-THNIeDNA qPCR Tool: eTHNI3
eDNA qPCR Format: TaqManGene Target: MT-ND1
Published in:**eDNA Assay Sensitivity Test Summary using gBlocks™ Synthetic DNA**

LOD	0.3	95% CI	0.2-0.6	Copies/Rxn	LOQ	1.3	95% CI	0.9-2.3	Copies/Rxn	LOB	0	hits/8
				LOQ_continuous	4				Copies/Rxn			

Binomial-Poisson model for 8 technical replicates determined using eLowQuant R code⁴.

When the LOQ < LOD, use the LOD for the LOQ.

Enzyme: QIAcuity

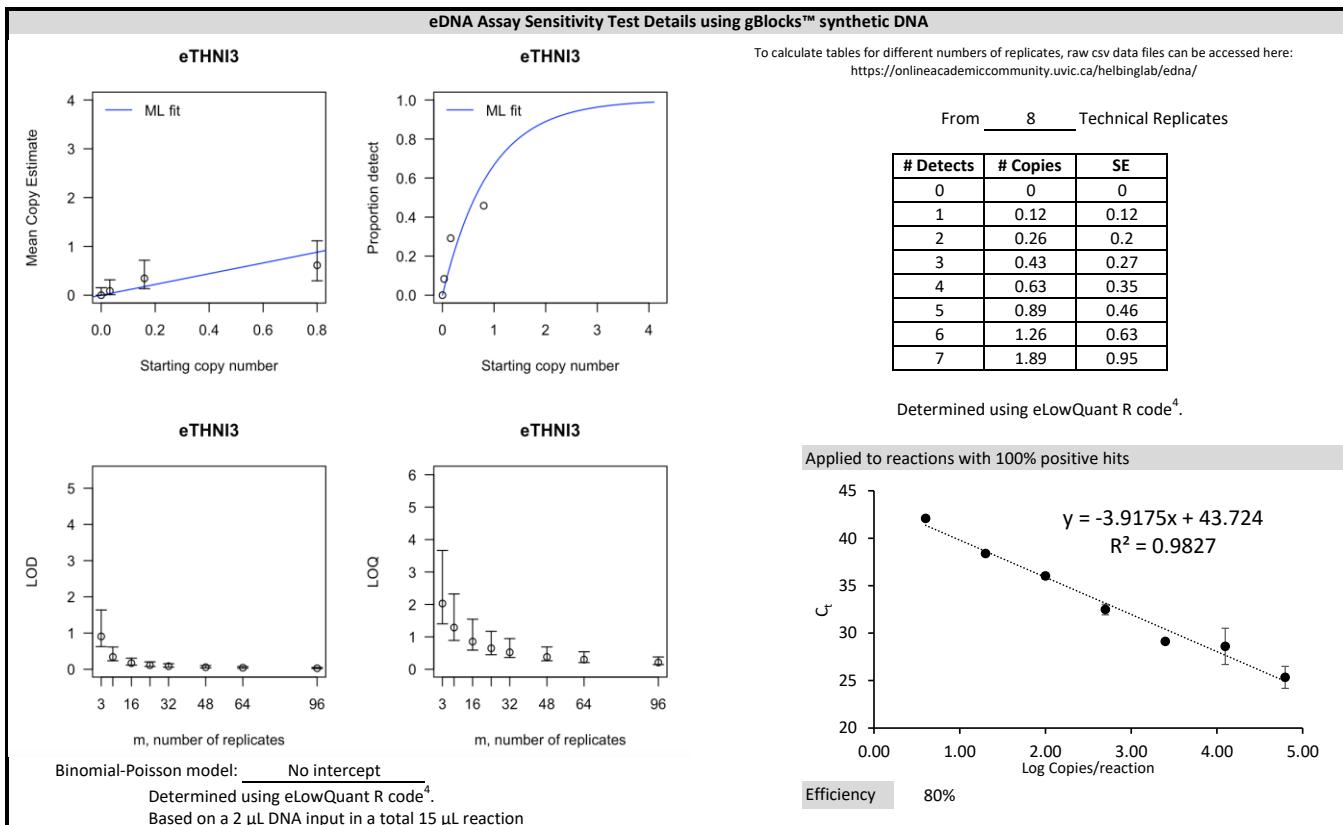
eDNA Assay Specificity Test Information

Each qPCR reaction in the specificity assay contained 10 picograms of voucher target gDNA (n=25 technical replicates)

Species	Common Name (Species)	Detection	# Voucher		Sample Sources/Locations
			Specimens		
si-THNI	Segmented marine worm (<i>Thysanocardia nigra</i>)	Yes	5		British Columbia
an-DEGR	Decamastus (<i>Decamastus gracilis</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-GLNA	Glycera (<i>Glycera nana</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-HIFI	Heteromastus (<i>Heteromastus filobranchus</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-NOME	Notomastus (<i>Notomastus hemipodus</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-PRJU	Prionospio (<i>Prionospio jubata</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-PRLI	Prionospio [<i>Prionospio (Minuspio) lighti</i>]	No	2		British Columbia
an-CACAW	Capitella (<i>Capitella capitata</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-OPAC	Ophelina (<i>Ophelina acuminata</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-MASA	Maldane (<i>Maldane sarsi</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-RUPI	Hydrothermal vent worm (<i>Ridgeia piscesae</i>)	No	2		British Columbia
an-PPA	Praxillella (<i>Praxillella pacifica</i>)	No	1		British Columbia
ma-HOSA	Human (<i>Homo sapiens</i>)	No	1		Netherlands
ma-CAFA	Canine (<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>)	No	1		British Columbia
ma-FECA	Cat (<i>Felis catus</i>)	No	1		British Columbia

References

1. Hobbs, J, Adams, IT, Round, JM, Goldberg, CS, Allison, MJ, Bergman, LC, Mirabzadeh, A, Allen, H, Helbing, CC (2020) Revising the range of Rocky Mountain tailed frog, *Ascaphus montanus*, in British Columbia, Canada, using environmental DNA methods. Environmental DNA, 2: 350-361. <https://doi.org/10.1002/edn3.82>
2. Hobbs, J, Round, JM, Allison, MJ, Helbing, CC (2019) Expansion of the known distribution of the coastal tailed frog, *Ascaphus truei*, in British Columbia, Canada, using robust eDNA detection methods. PLOS ONE 14(3): e0213849. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0213849>
3. Langlois, VS, Allison, MJ, Bergman, LC, To, TA, and Helbing, CC (2020) The need for robust qPCR-based eDNA detection assays in environmental monitoring and risk assessments. Environmental DNA, 3: 519-527. doi: 10.1002/edn3.164
4. Lesperance, M, Allison, MJ, Bergman, LC, Hocking, MD, and Helbing, CC (2021) A statistical model for calibration and computation of detection and quantification limits for low copy number environmental DNA samples. Environmental DNA, 3: 970-981. doi: 10.1002/edn3.220



Field Sample Validation					
Sample Type	Known	Presence	# Samples	Detected	Location

Abbreviations					
95% CI	95% Confidence interval				
eDNA	Environmental DNA				
gDNA	Total genomic DNA extracted from voucher specimen				
LOB	Limit of blank				
LOD	Limit of detection				
LOQ	Limit of quantification				
MT-ND1	Mitochondrial NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 gene				
NTC	qPCR no template control				
qPCR	Quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction				
SE	Standard error				