

Creating TE Buffer (skip this step if you have stock solutions)

TRIS-HCL (100ml, 1M)

- 1. Weigh 12.11g tris-base. Add to 100ml beaker.
- 2. Measure 80ml distilled water.
- 3. Mix with magnetic flea.
- 4. Add a pH meter.
- 5. Slowly add concentrated HCL to pH to 8.0.
- 6. Once desired pH has been reached, top solution off with distilled water to 100ml total.

EDTA (100ml, 0.5M)

- 1. Weigh 14.69g EDTA free acid.
- 2. Measure 80ml distilled water.
- 3. Mix with magnetic flea on a hot plate (this will take appox. 10 minutes)
- 4. Add pH meter.
- 5. Slowly add NaOH pellets to pH to 8.0 (reducing the pH will assist with mixing).
- 6. Once desired pH has been reached, top solution off with distilled water to 100ml total.

100ml TE Buffer

- 1. Add 1ml (1000ul) Tris-HCL (1M, pH 8).
- 2. Add 0.2 ml (200ul) EDTA (0.5M, pH 8).
- 3. Add 98.8ml distilled water.
- 4. Invert to mix. Confirm pH 8.0.

DNA Isolation from Saliva Samples

Protocol based off: DNA Genotek

Sampling Kt: DNA Genotek ORAcollect OCD-100 (DNA Genotek Inc., Ottawa, ON)

- 1. Mix DNA Genotek kit sample by inversion for a few second.
- 2. Incubate in water at 50°C for 1 hour or in air incubator for 2 hours.
- 3. Transfer 500ul of sample of 1.5ml microcentrifuge tube.
- 4. Add 20ul PT-L2P and mix by vortex.
- 5. Incubate on ice for 10 minutes.
- 6. Place in centrifuge in a known orientation.
- 7. Centrifuge for 5 minutes at 15,000 x g.
- 8. Transfer clear supernatant to a fresh microcentrifuge tube. Do not disturb the pellet containing impurities. Discard the pellet.
- 9. Transfer 500ul supernatant to a new microcentrifuge tube. Store remaining supernatant for future use if required.
- 10. Add 600ul room temperature 95% to 100% ethanol to the 500ul supernatant.
- 11. Mix by inversion 10 times.
- 12. Incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes to allow DNA to precipitate.

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- 13. Place tube in a centrifuge in a known orientation.
- 14. Centrifuge for 2 minutes at 15,00 x g.
- 15. You will most likely not be able to visualize the pellet, however you can locate it based on the orientation it was in, in the centrifuge.
- 16. CAREFULLY remove all supernatant and discard the supernatant. Do not disturb the pellet.
- 17. Ethanol wash: add 250ul 70% ethanol to pellet. Let stand 1 minute. Pulse spin in centrifuge. Completely remove ethanol without disturbing pellet.
- 18. Optional: place microcentrifuge tube on air incubator at 37°C for 10 minutes to allow ethanol to evaporate out of tube.
- 19. Rehydrate DNA: Add 100ul TE buffer to DNA pellet. Vortex for at least 5 seconds.
- 20. Incubate at 50°C for 1 hour, vortex every 10 minutes to ensure full rehydration of DNA pellet OR overnight.
- 21. Storage: 1 month at 4°C or long term at -20°C.

Nanodrop

Nanodrop: Nanodrop 1 (ThermoFisher Scientific, Waltham, MA)

- 1. Place 1.3ul of DNA in TE solution on Nanodrop.
- 2. 260/230 ratio is expected to be low due to the presence of carbohydrates (0.8-1.2).
- 3. Dilute samples to 20 ng/ul with Dep-C water.

qPCR Analysis

Create Master Mix for Telomere Plate – volumes given are for ONE PCR well. Multiply as needed for number of wells required.

PCR Plate Volumes from: Cawthon (2003)

- 1. 0.54ul forward primer (GGTTTTTGAGGGTGAGGGTGAGGGTGAGGGTGAGGG)
- 2. 1.8ul reverse primer (TCCCGACTATCCCTATCCCTATCCCTATCCCTATCCCT)
- 3. 10ul SYBR Green Master Mix
- 4. 6.66ul Dep-C water

Create Master Mix for 364B Plate – volumes given are for ONE PCR well. Multiply as needed for number of wells required.

PCR Plate Volumes from: Cawthon (2003)

- 1. 0.6 ul forward primer (CAGCAAGTGGGAAAGGTGTAATCC)
- 2. 1.0ul reverse primer (CCCATTCTATCATCAACGGGTACAA)
- 3. 10ul SYBR Green Master Mix
- 4. 7.4ul Dep-C water

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Prepare PCR Plate

- 1. Blueprint location of each sample. Run each sample in duplicate or triplicate.
- 2. Allocate one well for NTC.
- 3. Dispense 19ul Master Mix into each well.
- 4. Dispense 1ul template into each well. Use Dep-C water in place of template in NTC.
- 5. Place film over PCR plate. Ensure a proper seal with no air bubbles.
- 6. Remove edges of the film.
- 7. Place plate in prepared PCR machine.

Setting Cycling Parameters

PCR Cycling Protocols from: <u>Cawthon (2002)</u> PCR Machine: QIAquant 96 5plex (QIAGEN, Germantown, WA)

- 1. Open a new protocol by selecting "file \rightarrow new".
- 2. Set a title.
- 3. Set cycling parameters, melt curve and which steps require measurement.
- 4. Select dye "FAM" (if using SYBR Green Master Mix).
- 5. Assign each sample to the proper well.
- 6. Assign the NTC.
- 7. Start. A countdown will be given once the protocol has start.

Telomere Cycling Parameters

	Temperature	Time	Cycles	Measurement
Enzyme	95°C	10min		
Activation				
Denaturation	95°C	15s		Х
Annealing and	60°C	2min	40X	
Extension				Х
Melt Curve	50°C to 90°C	15s		

364B Cycling Parameters

	Temperature	Time	Cycles	Measurement
Enzyme	95°C	10min		
Activation				
Denaturation	95°C	15s		Х
Annealing and	58°C	2min	40X	
Extension				Х
Melt Curve	50°C to 90°C	15s		



Export PCR Results

- 1. Right click on the sample you would like to export.
- 2. Select export to Excel.
- 3. Name the file.
- 4. Results will open in excel.

Calculate Telomere Length

T/S Ratio: $[2^{Ct(telomeres)}/2^{Ct(36B4)}]^{-1} = 2^{-\Delta C_t}$